MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Henry A. Kissinger

SUBJECT: Contact with the Chinese

In response to an item on Communist Chinese activity in the September 9 Daily Brief, you asked whether we should not try again through our channel in Paris to contact the Chinese.

As suggested in your note, we do have an offer outstanding to the Chinese. Attached is a copy of a message that we gave General Walters on June 16, but which he has not yet delivered. (You, of course, approved this message but we left it purposely unsigned. Walters would not hand over the text, but rather would read from it literally.) Several weeks ago he found an opportunity to tell his Chinese contact that he had an important message from our government to their government. The man said that he would inform his government that we had a message, but Walters received no response. This past Monday, September 7, Walters again told his contact, at a Pakistani reception, that he had a message. The man again said that he would tell his government.

We have also been trying since the beginning of the year to open a channel through the Dutch, but I believe if we are to have any success it will be through Paris.

I agree that it would be useful to establish contact with the Chinese at this time. However, we have made clear signals, and I think we have no choice but to wait and see if they are willing to respond.

Attachment
-- South Vietnam Military: Although fighting in South Vietnam remained generally light, the enemy did launch two significant attacks in Quang Ngai Province in Southern Military Region 1. Thirteen Americans were killed in a ground and mortar attack against Fire Support Base Stinson during the night. The enemy assault came 15 hours after a mortar and sapper attack on an ARVN Special Forces Camp and an adjacent battalion headquarters just four miles away. Friendly casualties were 34 soldiers killed (one U.S.) and 42 ARVN personnel wounded. Enemy losses were 26 killed. (Map at Tab A)

-- Cambodian Military Situation: The major Cambodian Army operation to reinforce Kompong Thom continues, and only light contacts have been reported. In the ground portion of the operation, the Cambodian force pushing toward Kompong Thom reportedly is nearly halfway to its objective; although the enemy has been destroying bridges along Route 6 in an effort to impede the government’s advance. The river convoy, which includes three infantry battalions and two commando units, reached Kompong Chhnang without serious incident and was to leave yesterday for Kompong Thom. The Cambodians say that the major purposes of the operation are to clear Route 6 from Skoun to Kompong Thom, open a water route to the town, conduct psychological operations along both routes, and re-supply the troops and civilians in the town. (Map at Tab B)

-- Communist China: Our Consulate General at Hong Kong reports some new mobility in Peking’s conduct of foreign relations which may present opportunities for improving relations. Signs of this include payment to the International Committee of The Red Cross (Geneva), of back dues, and an approach to a U.S. businessman regarding possible business travel to China. Consul General Osborn notes that it is premature to reach conclusions concerning Chinese intentions on the basis of this report, but it is possible some Chinese officials are thinking in terms of eventual trade with U.S. firms. Osborn observes that if this is so, a further liberalization of U.S. travel regulations might serve to encourage Sino-U.S. contacts at commercial levels. (The remaining U.S. restrictions on travel to China expire September 15 unless renewed.)